


# NOTIFIABLE DISEASE CONDITION REPORTING





All Georgia physicians, laboratories, and other health care providers are required by law to report patients with the following conditions.

## LEGEND

- \* **To be determined** in consultation with DPH Epidemiology. Based on public health impact potential. Ultimate decision made by State Health Officer and State Epidemiologist.
- \*\* **Invasive** isolated from blood, bone, CSF, joint, pericardial, peritoneal, or pleural fluid.







































- \*\*\* **ALT and total bilirubin** associated with hepatitis A, B, or C serology should be reported
- \*\*\*\* **L. monocytogenes** resulting in infant mortality is reportable to Vital Records.
-  Potential agent of bioterrorism

## SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS FOR CLINICAL MATERIALS<sup>1</sup>

-  All reported cases
-  Send invasive<sup>2</sup> specimens
-  Hold 7 days and submit if DPH requests
-  DPH does not routinely test but submission may occur upon DPH approval

## REPORT IMMEDIATELY

**Call:** District Health Office or **1-866-PUB-HLTH (1-866-782-4584)**

all outbreaks/clusters (including infectious and non-infectious causes, toxic substance and drug-related, and any other outbreak)		measles (rubeola)	
		melioidosis 	
unusual occurrence of disease of public health concern*		meningitis (specify agent when reporting)	
		meningococcal disease, invasive infections **	
all acute arboviral infections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• California serogroup viruses (California encephalitis, Jamestown Canyon, keystone, La Crosse, snowshoe hare, trivitattus)</li> <li>• chikungunya virus</li> <li>• dengue virus</li> <li>• equine encephalitis viruses (eastern, Venezuelan, western)</li> <li>• Powassan virus</li> <li>• St. Louis encephalitis virus</li> <li>• yellow fever virus</li> <li>• Zika virus</li> </ul>		novel influenza A virus infections	
		novel respiratory virus infections (SARS, MERS, etc.)	
		orthopoxvirus infections (i.e., smallpox, mpox) 	
		pertussis	
		plague 	
		poliomyelitis	
		Q fever 	
		rabies (human and animal infections)	
		SARS-CoV-2 infections (COVID-19) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• positive results (excluding antibody and at-home tests)</li> </ul>	
	amebic (free living) infections ( <i>Acanthamoeba</i> spp., <i>Balamuthia mandrillaris</i> , <i>Naegleria fowleri</i> , <i>Sappinia</i> spp., etc)		
animal bites		<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> infections with vancomycin MIC $\geq$ 4 mcg / mL	
anthrax 		Shiga-toxin producing <i>E. coli</i> infections (including O157)	
botulism 		syphilis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• positive non-treponemal or treponemal test</li> <li>• during pregnancy</li> <li>• congenital</li> </ul>	
brucellosis ( <i>Brucella</i> spp. including <i>B. abortus</i> , <i>B. canis</i> , <i>B. melitensis</i> , <i>B. suis</i> ) 		tuberculosis (TB) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• confirmed or presumed active TB disease, any age</li> <li>• latent TB infection (inactive TB) in children &lt;6</li> </ul>	
<i>Cronobacter</i> , Invasive (infants under 1 year of age)		tularemia 	
cholera (toxigenic <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> )		viral hemorrhagic fevers 	
diphtheria			
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> , invasive infections **			
hantavirus pulmonary syndrome (HPS)			
hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)			
hepatitis A *** <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• reactive anti-HAV IgM</li> </ul>			

Report cases electronically through the state electronic notifiable disease surveillance system at [sendss.state.ga.us](https://sendss.state.ga.us)

For more information:

[www.dph.ga.gov/disease-reporting](https://www.dph.ga.gov/disease-reporting)

## REPORT WITHIN 7 DAYS

acute flaccid myelitis (AFM)		hepatitis D (acute and chronic)	
acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS)#		hepatitis E (acute)	
anaplasmosis		HIV infection#	
aseptic meningitis		• Infection, any stage OR progression to stage 3 (AIDS)	
babesiosis		• Perinatal HIV exposure	
blood lead levels			
campylobacteriosis	A	influenza, RSV, or COVID-19-associated death (all ages)	A
<i>Candida auris</i> infections	A	legionellosis	7
carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales (CRE) infections	A	leprosy (Hansen's disease) ( <i>Mycobacterium leprae</i> )	A
• <i>Enterobacter</i> spp.		leptospirosis	
• <i>Escherichia coli</i>		listeriosis ****	A
• <i>Klebsiella</i> spp.		Lyme disease	
chancroid		malaria	A
<i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> Infection (including <i>Lymphogranuloma venereum</i> )	A	maternal death (during pregnancy or within 1 year of end of pregnancy)###	
Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD), confirmed and suspected cases < 55 years old		multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children (MIS-C)	
cryptosporidiosis	7	mumps	7
cyclosporiasis	A	psittacosis	
ehrlichiosis		rubella (including congenital)	A
giardiasis		salmonellosis (including typhoid fever and paratyphoid fever)	A
gonorrhea	A	shigellosis	A
hepatitis B (acute and chronic) ***		Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis ( <i>Rickettsia</i> spp.)	A
• reactive HBsAg and all associated HBV lab markers (HBV DNA, anti-HBc IgM, total anti-HBc, anti-HBe, HBeAg, anti-HBs)		streptococcal disease, group A or B (invasive) **	7
• detected HBV DNA and all associated HBV lab markers (HBsAg anti-HBc IgM, total anti-HBc, anti-HBe, HBeAg, anti-HBs)		<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> infection (invasive) **	7
• undetectable HBV DNA		• report with antibiotic-resistance information	
• HBsAg reactive pregnant women		tetanus	
• perinatal HBV exposures		toxic shock syndrome (TSS)	
• all HBsAg and anti-HBs (positive, negative, indeterminate) for children ≤ 2 years old		varicella (chickenpox)	7
hepatitis C (acute and chronic) ***		vibriosis ( <i>Vibrio</i> spp.)	A
• reactive anti-HCV (both serology and point-of-care rapid testing)		yersiniosis	A
• HCV RNA by PCR (both detected and undetected)			
• detected HCV genotype			
• anti-HCV reactive or HCV RNA detected pregnant women			
• perinatal HCV exposures			
• all (positive, negative, indeterminate) anti-HCV and HCV RNA by PCR for children ≤ 3 years of age			

## REPORT WITHIN 14 DAYS

**Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS).** Information for reporting NAS is available at [dph.georgia.gov/nas](http://dph.georgia.gov/nas).

Report cases electronically through the state electronic notifiable disease surveillance system at [sendss.state.ga.us](http://sendss.state.ga.us)

## REPORT WITHIN 1 MONTH

**Birth Defects, including fetal deaths of at least 20 weeks gestational age and children < 6 years old.**

Information for reporting birth defects available at [dph.georgia.gov/birth-defects-reporting](http://dph.georgia.gov/birth-defects-reporting).

**Healthcare-associated Infections (HAIs).** For facilities required to report HAI data to CMS via NHSN. Report in accordance with the NHSN protocol. Reporting requirements and information available at [dph.georgia.gov/epidemiology/healthcare-associated-infections/nhsn-notifiable-reporting](http://dph.georgia.gov/epidemiology/healthcare-associated-infections/nhsn-notifiable-reporting).

## REPORT WITHIN 6 MONTHS

Benign brain and central nervous system tumors

Cancer

Report forms and reporting information for tumors and cancer is available at

[dph.georgia.gov/chronic-disease-prevention/georgia-comprehensive-cancer-registry/reporting-cancer](http://dph.georgia.gov/chronic-disease-prevention/georgia-comprehensive-cancer-registry/reporting-cancer).

## REPORTING FOR OTHER CONDITIONS

# Report forms and reporting requirements available at

[dph.georgia.gov/epidemiology/georgias-hiv-aids-epidemiology-section/hiv-aids-case-reporting](http://dph.georgia.gov/epidemiology/georgias-hiv-aids-epidemiology-section/hiv-aids-case-reporting).

## Hearing loss case report form is available at [dph.georgia.gov/EHDI](http://dph.georgia.gov/EHDI).

### Reporting information for maternal deaths is available at [dph.georgia.gov/maternal-mortality](http://dph.georgia.gov/maternal-mortality).

<sup>1</sup> **“Clinical materials” is defined as:** **A.** a clinical isolate containing the infectious agent for which submission of material is required; or **B.** if an isolate is not available, material containing the infectious agent for which submission of material is required, in the following order of preference: **(1)** a patient specimen; **(2)** nucleic acid; or **(3)** other laboratory material.

<sup>2</sup> **“Invasive disease” is defined as:** isolated from blood, bone, CSF, joint, pericardial, peritoneal, or pleural fluid.